

Overview



Structuring Mule Applications

Quiz

Nice work! You got 100% correct. Please review your answers.

1.

A Mule application has two flows named `parentFlow` and `childFlow`. A variable is defined in `parentFlow`.

What is the scope of the variable when the `parentFlow` calls `childFlow` using a **Flow Reference**?

- The variable is accessible in `childFlow` but is immutable
- The variable is accessible in `childFlow`, can be changed, and changes are seen back in `parentFlow`
- The variable is NOT accessible in `childFlow`
- The variable is accessible in `childFlow`, can be changed, but changes are NOT seen back in `parentFlow`

Correct!

2.

Refer to the exhibit. In the deployable archive's `/classes` folder, there are two properties files named `dev.properties` and `prod.properties`. The Mule application fails to deploy to CloudHub through Runtime Manager with the following error message.

What could be causing this error?

DIY 7-1: Track data through a Mule application



Structuring Mule Applications



▲ 17:04:02.534 11/30/2017 Worker-0 qtp987274037-33 ERROR
null
java.io.FileNotFoundException: class path resource [\${env}.properties] cannot be opened because it does not exist
at org.springframework.core.io.ClassPathResource.getInputStream(ClassPathResource.java:172)
at org.springframework.core.io.support.EncodedResource.getInputStream(EncodedResource.java:151)
at org.springframework.core.io.support.PropertiesLoaderUtils.fillProperties(PropertiesLoaderUtils.java:98)
at org.springframework.core.io.support.PropertiesLoaderSupport.loadProperties(PropertiesLoaderSupport.java:17)
at org.springframework.core.io.support.PropertiesLoaderSupport.mergeProperties(PropertiesLoaderSupport.java:17)
at

- The property files were NOT saved at the root level of the deployable archive
- The env property is NOT set in the Runtime Manager in the Mule application's Properties tab
- A file named \${env}.properties is NOT included in the deployable archive file
- The dev.properties and prod.properties files were NOT uploaded to Runtime Manager

Correct!

3.

What reserved property can be defined and used in a Mule application to allow an HTTPS Listener to be accessed by external web clients after the Mule application is deployed to CloudHub?

- \${ssl.port}
- \${ssl.listener.port}
- \${https.listener.port}
- \${https.port}

Correct!

4.

Why must a Mule application's deployable archive package all its dependencies in order to be deployed to CloudHub?

- The online logging service requires access to ALL project dependencies to log the appropriate Java classes used in the Mule application
- CloudHub workers CANNOT download ALL possible project dependencies a project may contain
- CloudHub workers needs to compare the current dependencies with the LATEST project dependencies from the MuleSoft repository
- MuleSoft support requires access to ALL project dependencies for future online troubleshooting

Correct!

5.

In what file does the Mule project keep track of all of its dependencies?

- mule-artifact.json
- pom.xml
- mule-app.properties
- global.xml

Correct!

6.

What can **ONLY** be done with VM connectors, and **NOT** with Flow References, in a single Mule application?

- Preserve variables as the Mule event gets passed to another flow
- Allow a flow to pass events to another flow synchronously
- Preserve the original payload when the VM connector returns a response from a flow
- Allow a flow to pass events to another flow asynchronously

Correct!

Nice work! You got 100% correct. Please scroll up to review your answers.